

## New Zealand Public Health Surveillance Report Volume 14 Issue 1

### References

#### A case of foodborne botulism in Wellington

1. World Health Organization 2013. Botulism: Fact sheet No. 270. Available at: <http://www.who.int/mediacentre/factsheets/fs270/en/> [accessed 18 November 2015].
2. Flacks L 1985. Botulism in New Zealand. NZMJ. 98(789):892–3.
3. King L and the French Multidisciplinary Outbreak Investigation Team 2008. Two severe cases of botulism associated with industrially produced chicken enchiladas, France, August 2008. Euro. Surveill. 13(37):pii 18978.
4. Peck M 2006. Clostridium botulinum and the safety of minimally heated, chilled foods: an emerging issue? J. Appl. Microbiol. 101(3):556–70.

#### Verotoxin-producing *Escherichia coli* outbreak at an early childhood education centre

1. Coia J 1998. Clinical, microbiological and epidemiological aspects of *Escherichia coli* O157 infection. FEMS Immunology & Medical Microbiology. 20(1):1–9.
2. Agger M, Scheutz F, Villumsen S, *et al.* 2015. Antibiotic treatment of verocytotoxin-producing *Escherichia coli* (VTEC) infection: a systematic review and a proposal. J. Antimicrob. Chemother. 70(9):2440–46.
3. The Institute of Environmental Science and Research Ltd. Notifiable Diseases in New Zealand: Annual Report 2014. ESR, Porirua, New Zealand.
4. Ministry of Health 2012. Verotoxin- or Shiga toxin-producing *Escherichia coli* (VTEC/STEC). Communicable Disease Control Manual. Ministry of Health, Wellington, New Zealand.
5. Petruzzello T, Mawji I, Khan M, Marsden P 2009. Verotoxin biology: molecular events in vascular endothelial injury. Kidney International. 75(112):17–19.
6. HPSC Sub-Committee on Verotoxigenic *E. coli* 2005. Report of the HPSC Sub-Committee on Verotoxigenic *E. coli*: Clinical Features and Epidemiology of VTEC. Available at: <http://www.hpsc.ie/A-Z/Gastroenteric/VTEC/Guidance/ReportoftheHPSCSub-CommitteeonVerotoxigenicEcoli/> [accessed 17 December 2015].
7. Rowe P 1995. *Escherichia coli* O157:H7, other verotoxin-producing *E coli* and the hemolytic uremic syndrome in childhood. Can. J. Infect. Dis. 6(2):105–10.
8. Tarr P, Gordon C, Chandler W 2005. Shiga-toxin-producing *Escherichia coli* and haemolytic uraemic syndrome. Lancet. 365:1073–86.
9. Reida P, Wolff M, Pohls H, Kuhlmann W, *et al.* 1994. An Outbreak due to enterohaemorrhagic *Escherichia coli* O157:H7 in a children day care centre characterized by person-to-person transmission and environmental contamination. Zentralbl. Bakteriol. 281(4):534–43.
10. Buchholz U, Bernard H, Werber D, *et al.* 2011. German outbreak of *Escherichia coli* O104:H4 associated with sprouts. N. Engl. J. Med. 365(19):1763–70.