The national influenza surveillance system in New Zealand is an essential public health component for assessing and implementing strategies to control influenza. This report summarises the data collected from sentinel general practice (GP) surveillance and non-sentinel surveillance for week 30 (25 - 31 July 2011).

**SUMMARY OF THIS REPORT:**

Influenza-like illness (ILI) through sentinel surveillance was reported in all 20 District Health Boards (DHB) with a national consultation rate of 66.1 per 100 000 (261 ILI consultations). Two hundred and sixty-eight swabs were received from sentinel (49) and non-sentinel surveillance (219). Eighty-four viruses were identified from sentinel (27) and non-sentinel surveillance (57): B (58), A(H3N2) (14), A (not sub-typed) (10) and pandemic A(H1N1) 09 (2).

**INFLUENZA-LIKE ILLNESS SURVEILLANCE**

In the past week, a total of 261 consultations for influenza-like illness were reported from 84 general practices in all 20 DHBs. This gives a weekly consultation rate of 66.1 per 100 000 patient population. Figure 1 shows the weekly national consultation rates for 2009, 2010 seasons, and 2011 so far. The current rate of influenza-like illness is above the baseline.

* A weekly rate <50 ILI consultations per 100 000 patient population is considered baseline activity. A rate of 50–249 is considered indicative of normal seasonal influenza activity, and a rate of 250–399 indicative of higher than expected influenza activity. A rate >400 ILI consultations per 100 000 patient population indicates an epidemic level of influenza activity.
Figure 2 compares the consultation rates for influenza-like illness for each DHB over the past week. Waitemata DHB (208.5 per 100,000, 22 cases) had the highest consultation rate, followed by Whanganui (128.4 per 100,000, 11 cases) and Hutt Valley (112.9 per 100,000, 39 cases).

**Figure 2: Weekly consultation rates for influenza-like illness by DHB week ending 31 July 2011**

The national average weekly consultation rate is 66.1 per 100,000.
Figure 3 maps the consultation rates for influenza-like illness by DHB.

**Figure 3: Consultation rates for influenza-like illness mapped by DHB for week 30, 2011**

Consultations for influenza-like illness (per 100,000 practice patients)

- No data
- No activity (0)
- Baseline (<50)
- Normal (50-249)
- High activity (250-399)
- Epidemic (≥400)

**District Health Board**
- AK Auckland
- BP Bay of Plenty
- CB Canterbury
- CC Capital and Coast
- CM Counties Manukau
- HB Hawke's Bay
- HU Hutt Valley
- LS Lakes
- MC MidCentral
- NL Northland
- NM Nelson Marlborough
- SC South Canterbury
- SN Southern
- TK Taranaki
- TW Tairawhiti
- WC West Coast
- WG Whanganui
- WK Waikato
- WM Waitemata
- WR Wairarapa
VIROLOGICAL SURVEILLANCE
A total of 49 swabs were received by virology laboratories from sentinel surveillance. Of these, 27 viruses were identified: B (24), A (not sub-typed) (1), A(H3N2) (1) and pandemic A (H1N1) 09 (1). The distribution by DHB is shown in Table 1.

Table 1: Influenza viruses from sentinel surveillance for week 30 by DHB

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Antigenic Strain</th>
<th>NL</th>
<th>WK</th>
<th>TG</th>
<th>TK</th>
<th>HB</th>
<th>WG</th>
<th>MC</th>
<th>HU</th>
<th>CC</th>
<th>NM</th>
<th>CB</th>
<th>SN</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A (not sub-typed)</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A(H3N2)</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pandemic A(H1N1) 09</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>27</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 4: Total influenza viruses from sentinel surveillance by type and week reported, weeks 18–30 and the total percentage positive from the swabs received

In addition, 219 swabs were received by virology laboratories from non-sentinel surveillance. Of these, 57 viruses were identified: B (34), A(H3N2) (13), A (not sub-typed) (9) and pandemic A(H1N1) 09 (1) (Figure 5). The distribution by DHB is shown in Table 2.

Table 2: Influenza viruses from non-sentinel surveillance for week 30 by DHB

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Antigenic Strain</th>
<th>WM</th>
<th>AK</th>
<th>CM</th>
<th>WK</th>
<th>MC</th>
<th>CC</th>
<th>WC</th>
<th>CB</th>
<th>SC</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A (not sub-typed)</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A(H3N2)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pandemic A(H1N1) 09</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>57</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Figure 5: Total influenza viruses from non-sentinel surveillance by type and week reported, weeks 18–30 and the total percentage positive from the swabs received.

Figure 6 shows the cumulative total of influenza viruses confirmed (sentinel and non-sentinel surveillance) from week 1 to the end of week 30 (31 July 2011). A total of 425 influenza viruses were identified: influenza B (275) including 101 of B/Brisbane/60/2008 - like viruses and one B/Florida/4/2006 - like virus, pandemic (H1N1) 09 (37) including four A/California/7/2009 (H1N1) - like virus, A (H3N2) (70) including 21 A/Perth/16/2009 (H3N2) - like virus, and A (not sub-typed) (43). The major circulating influenza strains (B/Brisbane/60/2008 - like, A(H3N2) and A(H1N1)) are covered by the 2011 influenza vaccine.

Figure 6: Cumulative laboratory-confirmed viruses by DHB from week 1 to week 30, 31 July 2011.